POLYUREA H SL

Sprayed, hot-applied polyurea system for flooring applications



DESCRIPTION

Polyurea H SL is a slow 2-component polyurea resin, for the application of continuous pavement membranes, with or without aggregate dusting.

APPLICATION

General fast-applied flooring systems. Decorative and industrial floors, where fast application is needed.

TECHNICAL DATA

| INFORMATION ON THE PRODUCT BEFORE APPLICATION | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| | Component A | | Component B | | |
| Chemical description | Polyol/Polyamide | | Aromatic isocyanate | | |
| | | | prepolymer | | |
| Physical state | Liquid | d | Liquid | | |
| Packaging | Metal con | tainer | Metal container | | |
| | 182 kg + pigm | , 0, | 214 kg | | |
| | 18,2 kg + pigr | ment (0,4 | 21,4 kg | | |
| | kg) | | | | |
| Non-volatile content | Approx 1 | | 100% | | |
| Flash point | >100° | С | >100°C | | |
| Colour | Dark ye | llow | Dark yellow | | |
| Density | Temperatu | Density | Temper | Density | |
| | re | (g/cm ³) | ature | (g/cm³) | |
| | (°C) | | (°C) | | |
| | 20 | 1.03 | 20 | 1.15 | |
| | 60 | 1.01 | 60 | 1.14 | |
| Viscosity | Temperatu | Viscosity | Temper | Viscosit | |
| | re | (mPa.s) | ature | у | |
| | (°C) | 2000 | (°C) | (mPa.s) | |
| | 20 60 | 2200 100 | 20 60 | 595 80 | |
| A/B mixing ratio | | | | | |
| A/B IIIIXIIIG IALIO | A=1, B=1.12 by weight A=1, B=1 by volume | | | | |
| Mixture properties | Fast polymerization. See Pot life data. | | | | |
| Colour | , , | | | | |
| Coloui | Dark yellow, but component A is pigmented by addition of pigment paste (Pigment Spray) for | | | | |
| | Polyurea H SL. | | | | |
| Pot life | Gel time mixture A+B (20 g) | | | | |
| | 1.5 min at 25°C | | | | |
| | 1 min at 60°C | | | | |
| Storage | Keep between | 10º y 30ºC. P | roduct is hyg | roscopic: | |
| | protect from moisture. Component B may become | | | | |
| | hazy upon storage at low temperatures. Reheat | | | | |
| | mildly before use. | | | | |
| Use before | 12 months after manufacture, provided it is kept in | | | | |
| | its sealed container. | | | | |

| INFORMATION ON THE FINAL PRODUCT | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Final state | Solid hard membrane | | | | | |
| Colour | Available colours: light grey, dark grey, rust red, blue | | | | | |
| | (may darken during storage and exposure to sunlight). | | | | | |
| | Other colours under request. | | | | | |
| Hardness (Shore) | 95A/55D (ISO 868) | | | | | |
| Mechanical | Elongation at break: 160% | | | | | |
| properties | Tensile strength: 13 MPa | | | | | |
| | (EN-ISO 527-3) | | | | | |
| | Tear strength: 78 N/mm (ISO 34-1, Method B) | | | | | |
| Adhesion | Substrate | Adhesion strength | | | | |
| strength | | (MPa) | | | | |
| · · | Concrete (EP 100 | 5.6 | | | | |
| | primer) | | | | | |

| Chemical resistance | Surface contact 24h, room temperature (5=best, 0=worst) | | | |
|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|--|
| | Product | 5 3 0 5 5 5 5 5 | | |
| | Water | | | |
| | Isopropyl alcohol | | | |
| | Xylene | | | |
| | Sodium hydroxide 20% | | | |
| | Sodium hydroxide 33% | | | |
| | Sodium hydroxide 50% | | | |
| | Glycerine (50% in water) | | | |
| | Sulphuric acid 10% | 5 | | |
| | Ammonia 3% | 4 | | |
| UV resistance | Good resistance to UV-induced degradation. Aromatic | | | |
| | polyureas undergo change of colour under sunlight. | | | |
| | Additional UV protection can be achieved by application | | | |
| | of an aliphatic fast curing topcoat (Kryptanate) | | | |
| Abrasion | 40 mg | | | |
| resistance | Taber, CS10, 1kg-1000 cycles | | | |

SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

To achieve a good penetration and bonding, substrate must be:

- 1.Flat and levelled.
- Compact and cohesive (pull off test must show a minimum resistance of 1,4 N/mm²).
- 3. Even and regular surface.
- 4. Free from cracks and fissures. If any, they must be previously repaired.
- 5. Clean and dry, free of dust, loose particles, oils, organic residues, or laitance.

RECOMMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Air temperature should be between 10°c and 40°C . Relative air humidity should be less than 85%.

SUPPORT PREPARATION

Concrete substrates must be prepared mechanically using shot blasting, scarifying, or diamond grinding equipment, to grind the surface and obtain an open pore. Substrates must be primed and repaired until a regular surface is obtained. Sharp irregularities are eliminated using an abrading disc machine. Eliminate all dust and loose particles from the substrate by vacuum cleaning.

MIXING

Add the required pigment to the A-component and stir before loading at low speed for a few minutes. Excess stirring may lead to undesirable moisture pick up. Recirculate both components while heating up to the required application temperatures. Best mixing equipment should have extensible blades with overall width equivalent to 1/3 of drum diameter.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Polyurea H SL must be applied using a 2-component hot spraying equipment. Recommended temperatures are:

- Component A: 60°C
- Component B: 60°C
- Hose: 59°C

Pressure should be 140-150bar. During application, check layer thickness and curing speed.

Spray Polyurea H SL at 2-3 kg/m² as a rule.

Contact Krypton Chemical for more detailed technical information.

Sand broadcasting: it is possible to broadcast sand or aggregates onto a top layer of product. To do so, it is recommended to wait until viscosity raises (ca 1 min). The product is open to sand broadcast for 4-10 minutes after spraying.



KRYPTON CHEMICAL SL

Steel (PU primer)

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CURING TIME

Polyurea H SL cures to touch after a few minutes after application, with quartz sand spreaded. Walking is possible after 2-4 hours.

RE-APPLICATION

Usually, needed thickness can be obtained in one single coat.

RETURN TO SERVICE

Under most usual conditions (25°C, 50% rh), the membrane with sand broadcast, resists light pedestrian traffic after 2 hours.

TOOL CLEANING

Solvent use for machine component cleaning is discouraged. A cleaning plasticizer fluid is suitable.

Component B must be completely removed from all air-exposed parts and replaced with cleaning fluid.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

For stain removal, a surface treatment with Rayston solvent or isopropyl alcohol may be attempted. Strong acids are totally inadequate.

Some solvents may damage the membrane. If this happens, the affected area must be cut and repaired with fresh product.

FAQ

| Problem | Question | Cause | Solution |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Product does | AB ratio is | Pressure | Check and correct |
| not cure | correct? | differences | machine operation |
| Bubbles or | Porous | No primer | Apply suitable primer |
| open pores | support? | No primer | before Polyurea H SL |
| No hiding power | | Too little | |
| | | product | Apply 1 kg/m ² |
| | Horizontal? | | Ensure full A+pigment |
| | | Too little | homogeneization |
| | | pigment | |
| Colour | Exposed to | UV-reaction | Use a last coat in dark |
| change | sunlight? | O V-reaction | grey or red |
| | | | Not recommended. |
| | Can it be | | Polyurea H SL is always |
| | applied without pigmentation? | | delivered with the |
| | | | pigment of choice. Use |
| | | | of pigment helps to |
| | | | obtain a uniform |
| | | | appearance. |

SAFFTY

Component B contains isocyanates. Always follow the safety instructions in the Material Safety Data Sheet. As a rule, a good ventilation and/or respiratory protection is needed (combined organic vapor filtres+particles) along with protective clothing. This product must be used only for the applications here described. This product is intended for industrial and professional use. It is not suitable for DIY-type applications.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Empty containers must be handled with the same precautions as if they were full. Treat empty containers as hazardous waste and transfer them to an authorized waste manager. If the contains still have some material left, do not mix with other product with no knowledge of potentially dangerous reactions. Component A and B may be mixed on a 1/1 ratio to get an inert material, but never do it in volumes larger than 5 liters to prevent a dangerous heat evolution.

KRYPTON Enchemical Q

KRYPTON CHEMICAL SL

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OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this DATA SHEET, as well as our advice, both written as verbal or provided through testing, are based on our experience, and they do not constitute any product guarantee for the installer, who must consider them as simple information.

We recommend to study deeply all information provided before proceeding to the use or application of any of our products, and strongly advise to conduct tests "on-site" to determine their convenience for a specific project.

Our recommendations do not exempt of the obligation of installers to deeply study the right application method for these systems before use, as well as to conduct as many preliminary tests as possible should any doubt arise. The application, use and processing of our products are beyond our control, and therefore under the exclusive responsibility of the installer. In consequence, the installer will be the only responsible of any damage derived from the partial or total in-observation of our indications, and in general, of the inappropriate use or application of these materials.

This data sheet supersedes previous versions.

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