RAYSTON SPRAY D50



Pure polyurea membrane, for special waterproofing projects. Applied with a proportioning machine. Gas radon barrier. Methane barrier.

DESCRIPTION

Rayston Spray D50 is a pure polyurea resin, totally free of solvents and mineral fillers. Spray applied with a proportioning machine. Once cured, it forms a continuous and seamless high performant membrane, chemical and outdoors resistant, that has got a thermosetting and elastomeric behaviour (hard and elastic at the same time). The membrane cures in a few seconds and returned to service in a matter of hours.

APPLICATION

- Waterproofing of water tanks containing aggressive chemicals (primary containment). Waste water treatment plants. Biogas digesters.
- Waterproofing of swimming-pools (Paintchlore 2K as a top coat).
- Waterproofing of secondary containment tanks, resistant to punctual spills of aggressive chemicals.
- Waterproofing of foundations, especially when an effective Radon barrier is required.
- Protective coating and efficient barrier to methane gas: LNG tanks, structures where biogas is generated, stored or transported (wastewater or organic waste digesters), barriers against methane gas from the soil that contains hydrocarbons.
- Protection of concrete against carbonation.

PROPERTIES

- Fully continuous membrane, very hard, elastic, and flexible. High puncture, impact, and compression resistant, able to bridge over cracks in the support.
- Very good chemical resistance. (Even in continuous contact with aqueous solutions containing hydrogen sulphide, H₂S and biogenic sulphuric acid, BSA, H₂SO₄, in wastewater treatment plants).
- Very low permeability to Radon, methane, and carbon dioxide gas.
- Excellent electrical insulation behaviour.

CERTIFICATES

CE marking, EN-1504-2 protection, and repair of concrete structures. Certificate number 0370-CPR-2247.



TECHNICAL DATA

Component A Component B Chemical Polyamine Aromatic isocyana description prepolymer Physical Liquid Liquid state Packaging Metal container Metal container	ite
description prepolymer Physical State Liquid Liquid Liquid State Packaging Metal container Metal container	ite
Physical Liquid Liquid state Packaging Metal container Metal container	
state Packaging Metal container Metal container	
Packaging Metal container Metal container	
1001	
196 kg 220 kg	
18.6 kg 21 kg	
Component C (pigment	
paste)	
Metal can (4 kg or 0.4 kg)	
Non-volatile approx 100% 100%	
content	
Lead (< 1 mg/kg)	
content	
Flash point >100°C >100°C	
Colour Dark yellow Slightly yellow	
(may darken along storage)	

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Density	Temperature	Density	Temperature	Density
Delisity			•	
	(°C)	(g/cm ³)	(°C)	(g/cm ³)
	20	1.01	20	1.14
	60	0.98	60	1.10
Viscosity	Temperature	Viscosity	Temperature	Viscosity
	(°C)	(mPa.s)	(°C)	(mPa.s)
_	20	425	20	800
	60	60	60	120
Mixing ratio A/B	A=1, B=1,13 by weight			
	A=1, B=1 by volume			
Density and	Fast polymerization. See Pot life data			
viscosity of the				
mixture				
Colour	Dark yellow, but component A is pigmented by			
	addition of pigment paste (Pigment Spray) delivered			
	with each kit of Rayston Spray D50.			
Pot life	Gel time mixture A+B (20 g)			
approximate	4 s at 25°C			
	3 s at 60°C			
Storage	Keep between 10° y 30°C.			
Use before	12 months after manufacture date, provided it is kept			
	in its sealed container.			

INFO	ORMATION ON THE FINAL PRODUCT		
Final state	Solid elastomeric membrane		
Colour	Available Pigment Spray pastes are like Grey RAL		
	7001, 7011. Tile red, Beige RAL 1001, blue RAL 50	15.	
	Other special colour pastes under request.		
Hardness (Shore)	55D		
Mechanical	Elongation at break: 500%		
properties	Tensile strength: 26 MPa		
	(UNE EN ISO 527-1/3)		
Tear strength	100 N/mm (ISO 34-1 method B)		
Water vapour	μ = 2.957 (EN-ISO 7783:2012)		
resistance factor			
Liquid water	$W = 0,0008 \text{ kg/m}^2 \text{ x h}^{0.5} \text{ (EN-1062-3:2018)}$		
permeability			
Gas Radon			
diffusion	8 x 10 ⁻¹² m ² /s (ISO/DTS 11665-13)		
coefficient			
Methane	140 Ncm3 x mm / m2 x day x bar (DIN 53380/ISO		
permeation	15105-1)		
coefficient			
Carbon dioxide	μ = 50484. Sd > 50 (if coating thickness larger than	1	
permeability	mm.) (EN ISO 7783:2012)		
Adhesion	Surface Adhesion (MPa)		
strength	Concrete 2.5		
UV resistance	Good resistance to UV-induced degradation. Aroma	atic	
	polyureas undergo change of colour under sunligh	t.	
	This change does not affect its mechanical propertie	es.	
	Additional UV protection can be achieved by applica	tion	
	of an Impertrans or colodur pigmented topcoats. Due	e to	
	the high cross-linking of the polymer chains in Rays	ton	
	Spray D50, the adhesion of the aliphatic topcoats or	/er	
	this reference, once cured, is lower compared to th	at	
	obtained over other pure polyureas of lower hardness	SS.	
Abrasion resistance	Taber, CS10, 1000 c, 1 kg: 20 mg		
Electric strength	29,3 KV/mm (IEC EN-60243-1:2013)		
Surface	1,30 x 10 ¹⁴ Ω/square (ASTM D257-14)		
resistivity	, , (



C/ Martí i Franquès, 12 - Pol. Ind. les Tàpies 43890-l'Hospitalet de l'Infant- Spain Tel: +34 977 822 245 - Fax: +34 977 823 977 www.kryptonchemical.com – rayston@kryptonchemical.com

Latest update: 25/04/2024

Page: 1/3

RAYSTON SPRAY D50



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Volume	$1,30 \times 10^{14} \Omega \times cm \text{ (ASTM D257-14)}$		
resistivity			
Foldability at low	Does not break or crack (EN-495-5)		
temperature			
(-45°C)			
Glass transition	-57°C (EN-6041)		
temperature			
Impact strength	24,5 N x m, Class III > 20 N x m (EN ISO 6272-1)		
Watertightness (5	Watertight (EN-12390-8)		
bars, 50 meters			
of water column)			
Crack bridging	Class A5, -10°C (EN-1062-7, Method A)		
properties			
(static)			
Crack bridging			
properties	Class B4.2, -20°C (EN-1062-7, Method B)		
(dynamic)			
Onset			
decomposition	287,7°C		
temperature			
(TGA test)			

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Immersion test, 80°C, 7 days (0=worst, 5=best)

-	·	
Chemical	Conditions	Result
Water	15d, 80°C	5
Salt water (saturation)	15d, 80°C	5
Xylene	7d, 80°C	2
Ethyl acetate	7d, 80°C	1
Isopropyl alcohol	7d, 80°C	0
Sodium hydroxide 50%	7d, 80°C	5
Hydrogen peroxide 33%	7d, 25°C	4
Sulfuric acid 10%	7d, 80°C	5
Sulfuric acid 30%	30d, 80°C	4
Bleach	7d, 80°C	4
Ammonia	7d, 80°C	5
Diesel	16d, 80°C	5
Hydrochloric acid 12M 37%	7d, 80°C	0
Hydrochloric acid 6M 18%	7d, 80°C	1
Hydrochloric acid 3M 9%	7d, 80°C	4
Hydrochloric acid 0.75M 2%	7d, 80°C	5
Sodium hypochlorite 15%	7d, 80°C	4
Engine oil	7d, 80°C	5
Crude petroleum	21d, 20°C	5
Sulfamic acid 85%	7d, 60°C	4
Oleic acid	7d, 80°C	0
Glycerine	7d, 80°C	5
Kerosene	7d, 80°C	3

SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

If a fully adhered system is applied, the support must be free of contaminants (fats, oils, and silicones), dust and loose materials. The support must be smooth, regular, homogeneous, continuous, cohesive, in case of concrete it must be totally cured and free of any rest of laitance.

Irregularities pointed or protruding from the rest of the surface should be eliminated. Ideally a concrete support must be completely dry, in this case it will be primed with the Epoxy 100 or Epoxy Gel Primer.

Epoxy Gel applied especially on vertical surfaces, not properly regularized in tanks. If the concrete support has a humidity level higher than 4%, it will be primed with the Primer GC.

In case of water tanks with negative pressures, a previous treatment with Tecnocem should be done. Tecnocem (a three-component waterborne epoxycement system) is resistant against negative pressures.

In case of a base support with a high moisture content, irregular or not fully cured concrete, the alternative is a non-adhered system.

The special non-woven geotextile Geomax Spray 200 should be laid on the support (concrete or even directly over the soil) and then the Rayston Spray D50 will be applied, always creating a totally continuous waterproofing / barrier membrane.

RECOMMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The temperature of the support should be between 5°C and 40°C. Anyway, it should always be 3°C above the dew point temperature, to avoid condensation on the surface.

MIXING

Stir and homogenise component A using suitable mixing equipment before being loaded into the machine. Add the required Pigment Spray to the A component and keep mixing before loading. Recirculate both components while heating up to the required application temperatures.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Rayston Spray D50 must be applied using a 2-component hot spraying equipment. The use of a compressed air dryer (refrigeration dryer) or compressed air-drying filters is recommended.

Recommended temperatures are:

- Component A: 65°C
- Component B: 70°C
- Hose: 65°C

Pressure should be at least 130 bar while spraying.

During application, check layer thickness and curing speed.

Apply Rayston Spray D50 at minimum 2 kg/m². Thicker coating will permit improve the chemical resistance, especially in very aggressive environments and the efficiency as a barrier to radon gas.

Wind speeds more than 25 km/h may result in excessive loss of exotherm and interfere with the mixing efficiency of the spray gun affecting polyurea surface texture, cure, and physical properties and will cause overspray issues.

Contact Krypton Chemical for more detailed technical information.

CURING TIME

Approximate hardness values are provided as reference only (2 mm, polypropylene support, 20°C 50% RH)

Time	Hardness shore D
5 min	35
45 min	43
6 hours	48
24 hours	50



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Latest update:

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Page:

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REAPPLICATION

Usually, necessary thickness can be obtained in one single coat. If necessary, a second coat can be applied immediately afterwards. In any case, do not wait more than 2 hours for a second coat. If spraying over a previously applied epoxy primer, ensure the primer is completely cured (circa 8 hours).

RETURN TO SERVICE

Under most usual conditions (25°C, 50% rh), the membrane is resistant to rain droplets after 5 minutes, and able to resist light pedestrian traffic in 1 hour. After 1 day, more than 90% of the final properties are reached.

TOOL CLEANING

Solvent use for machine component cleaning is discouraged. A cleaning plasticizer fluid like Rayston Fluid is suitable. Component B must be completely removed from all air-exposed parts and replaced with this cleaning fluid. A maintenance work should be carried out regularly on the treated surfaces according to the intended use.

FAQs

Problem	Question	Cause	Solution
Product does	A/B ratio is	Pressure	Check and correct
not cure	correct?	differences	machine operation
			Apply suitable
Bubbles or	Porous	primer before	
open pores	support?	No primer	Rayston Spray
			D50
			Apply 1 kg/m ²
No hiding	No bidio a	Too little product	
Ü	Horizontal?	Too little pigment	Ensure full
power			A+pigment
			homogeneization
Colour	Exposed to	UV-reaction	Use a last coat in
change	sunlight?	OV-reaction	dark grey or red
			Not
			recommended.
			Rayston Spray
	Can it be		D50 is always
	applied		delivered with the
	without		pigment of choice.
	pigmentation?		Use of pigment
			helps to obtain an
			uniform
			appearance

SAFETY

Component B contains isocyanates. Always follow the safety instructions in the Material Safety Data Sheet. As a rule, a good ventilation and/or respiratory protection is needed (combined organic vapor filtres+particles) along with protective clothing. This product must be used only for the applications here described. This product is intended for industrial and professional use. It is not suitable for DIY-type applications.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

LEED-requirements compliant. EQ Credit 4.2, Low emission materials: Paints and Coatings. Empty containers must be handled with the same precautions as if they were full. Treat empty containers as hazardous waste and transfer them to an authorized waste manager. If the contains still have some material left, do not mix with other product with no knowledge of potentially dangerous reactions. Component A and B may be mixed on a 1/1 ratio to get an inert material, but never do it in volumes larger than 5 litres to prevent a dangerous heat evolution.

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OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this Technical Data Sheet, as well as our advice, both written as verbal or provided through testing, are based on our experience, and they do not constitute any product guarantee for the installer, who must consider them as simple information.

We recommend to study deeply all information provided before proceeding to the use or application of any of our products, and strongly advise to conduct tests "on-site" to determine their convenience for a specific project.

Our recommendations do not exempt of the obligation of installers to deeply study the right application method for these systems before use, as well as to conduct as many preliminary tests as possible should any doubt arise.

The application, use and processing of our products are beyond our control, and therefore under the exclusive responsibility of the installer. In consequence, the installer will be the only responsible of any damage derived from the partial or total in-observation of our indications, and in general, of the inappropriate use or application of these materials.

This Technical Data Sheet supersedes previous versions.



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Latest update:

Page:

25/04/2024

3/3