# POLYUREA RAYSTON FAST

# Polyurea membrane for waterproofing in spray applications Extra fast curing

# DESCRIPTION

Polyurea Rayston Fast is a 2-component polyurea system for elastic membrane application with crack-bridging capability. It is an extra fast-curing system that can only be applied by hot mechanical spraying equipment. Polyurea Rayston Fast can be combined with different geotextiles to obtain on site applied, seamless liners.



## APPLICATIONS

- Waterproofing of concrete structures, especially vertical or steep slopped surfaces.
- Primary and secondary containment of liquids, for example in chemical factories.
- On–site applied liners, totally seamless, for primary containment applications: ponds, landfills, tunnels, channels, dam repairing...
- Waterproofing of hydraulic structures, water tanks, sewage installations...
- Roof waterproofing. Sewage and wastewater treatment structures. Onsite applied liners, totally seamless, for secondary containment applications, ponds, landfills, tunnels, canals, dam repairing.

Polyurea Rayston Fast can be completed with an aliphatic polyurethane topcoat to ensure UV protection.

### PROPERTIES

- Crack-bridging capability. Highly elastic membrane.
- Very fast curing, that avoids totally sagging of the resin if applied over vertical surfaces using two-component spraying equipment.
  It can be pigmented.
- Very good resistance.

## **CERTIFICATIONS**

Applus (Independent laboratory):

- Drinking water certification (Migration test). 928/09/8505
- Low-temperature foldability: 11/2855-1313
- Mechanical properties: 11/2855-1314
- Dynamic and Static indentation test according to EOTA. 11/2855-1315 AITEX (Independent laboratory):
- Mechanical properties EN ISO 527-1/3.
- Static indentation/CBR UNE-EN-ISO 12236:2007.
- Tear, according to UNE-EN ISO 34-1:2011

## TECHNICAL DATA

INFORMATION ON THE PRODUCT BEFORE APPLICATION					
	Component A	Component B			
Chemical description	Polyamine	Aromatic isocyanate			
		prepolymer			
Physical state	Liquid	Liquid			
Packaging	Metal container	Metal container			
	197 kg	219 kg			
	23.5 kg	26 kg			



KRYPTON CHEMICAL SL C/ Martí iFranquès, 12 - Pol. Ind. les Tàpies 43890 - l'Hospitalet de l'Infant - Spain Tel: +34 977 822 245 - Fax: +34 977 823 977 www.kryptonchemical.com – rayston@kryptonchemical.com

Non-volatile content	100	100%		100%	
Flash point	>100	0°C	>10	>100°C	
Colour	Yellow (witho	Yellow (without pigment)			
	(may darken along				
	stora	ige)			
Density	Tempera	Density	Tempera	Density	
	ture (°C) 20	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) 1,1	ture (°C) 20	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> ) 1,14	
<b>-</b>	60	0.98	60	1,10	
Density	Tempera ture (ºC)	Viscosity (mPa.s)	Tempera ture (ºC)	Viscosity (mPa.s)	
	20	475	20	800	
A/B mixing ratio	60 65 60 1 A=1, B=1.17 by weight				
	A=1, B=1.17 by weight $A=1, B=1$ by volume				
Colour	Dark yellow, but component A is pigmented by				
	addition of pigment paste (Pigment Spray)				
	delivered with each kit of Polyurea Rayston Fasi				
Curing performance	Gel time mixture A+B (20 g):				
		1-2 sec	conds		
		Tack			
0	10 seconds				
Storage		•	10°C and 30°C		
Use before	12 mc	onths after ma	anufacturing da	ate	
INFORM	ATION ON TH		RODUCT		
Final state	Elas	tomeric solid	membrane		
Colour A	vailable Pigme	nt Spray pas	tes are blue R	AL 5015,	
gra	ay RAL 7011, ti	le red, Beige	RAL 1001. Ot	her pastes	
	are available under request.				
Gloss (60º)	80-85%				
Hardness (Shore) Mechanical	55D				
properties	Maximum elongation: 225%				
	Tensile strenght: 16,2 MPa (UNE EN ISO 527-1/3)				
	Tear strength 100 N/mm				
		EN ISO 34-			
Chemical	P	ermanent co	ntact test		
resistance	(5=ok, 0=Not recommended)				
Chemical	Condit	ions	Resu	t	
Water	15d, 8		5		
Salt water (saturation) Xylene	7d, 80 7d, 80		5 2		
Ethyl acetate	7d, 80	0°C	1		
Isopropyl alcohol Sodium hydroxide	7d, 80 7d, 80		0 5		
(50%)	7u, 8t		5		
Hydrogen peroxide	7d, 25	5°C	4		
(33%) Sulphuric acid (10%)	7d, 80	0°C	5		
Sulphuric acid (30%)	30d, 8	0°C	4		
Bleach	7d, 80 7d, 80		4 5		
Ammonia (3%) Diesel	70, 80 16d, 8		5 5		
Hydrochloric acid 12M	7d, 80		0		
(37%) Hydrochloric acid 6M	7d, 80	0°C	1		
(18%)	7 u, ol	, 0	I		
Hydrochloric acid 3M	7d, 80	0°C	4		
(9%) Hydrochloric acid	7d, 80	0°C	5		
0.75M (2%)					
Sodium hychlorite 15%	7d, 80	0°C	4		
Engine oil	7d, 80	0°C	5		
Crude petroleum	21d. 8		5		

5 4

0

5

7d, 60°C

7d, 80°C

7d, 80°C

Crude petroleum Sulfamic acid 85%

Oleic acid

Glycerine





# **POLYUREA RAYSTON FAST**

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Adhesion strength	Surface	Adhesion strength (MPa)		
	Concrete (with epoxy	4.0		
	primer)			
	Plywood (with epoxy	1.6 (cohesive wood		
	primer)	failure)		
	Steel (PU primer)	5.3		
UV resistance	Polyurea Rayston Fast is an aromatic isocyanate-			
	based product. A colour change is to be expected			
	under sunlight. This change does not affect its			
	mechanical properties. An a	mechanical properties. An additional UV protection can		
	be provided with an Impe	be provided with an Impertrans/Colodur topcoat.		
Abrasion resistance	10 mg ( Taber, 1000 c. CS-10, 1kg)			
Thermal resistance	Stable up to 200°C (6-hour test).			
	According to low temperature tests, (UNE_EN 495-			
	2001), the membrane can be folded at -45°C without			
	cracking c	cracking or breaks.		
Indentation	Polyurea Rayston Fast give	Polyurea Rayston Fast gives, at 2-mm thickness, a		
	resistance to indentation	resistance to indentation equivalent to a p4 level		
	(approx 25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) at TH4 (	(approx 25 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) at TH4 (90ºC) as directed by EOTA		
	guide ETAG 005.			
	The combined liner of Polyurea Rayston + selected			
	geotextiles gives an static indentation resistance higher			
	than 4000 kN (UNE-EN ISO 12236:2007)			

## SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

To achieve a good penetration and bonding, support must be:

1. Flat and levelled.

2. Compact and cohesive (pull off test must show a minimum resistance of 1,4 N/mm<sup>2</sup>).

- 3. Even and regular surface.
- 4. Free from cracks and fissures. If any, they must be previously repaired.
- 5. Clean and dry, free of dust, loose particles, oils, organic residues, or laitance.

Support temperature must be between 10°C and 40°C. Support moisture must be less than 4%.

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONDITIONS

Air temperature should be between 10°c and 40°C. Relative air humidity should be less than 85%.

#### SUPPORT PREPARATION

Concrete substrates must be prepared mechanically using high pressure sand or abrasion, to remove the surface and obtain an open pore. Substrates must be primed and levelled until a regular surface is obtained. Sharp irregularities are eliminated using an abrading disc machine.

Eliminate all dust and loose particles from the substrate by brushing or vacuum cleaning. If underlying moisture is suspected, it is recommended to apply 2 coats of epoxy (Rayston Epoxy primer). First one as such and the second one with quartz sand spreaded over.

#### MIXING

Stir and homogenise separately both components using suitable mixing equipment before being loaded into the machine. **Best mixing equipments should have extensible blades with overall width equivalent to 1/3 of drum diameter.** Add the required Pigment Spray to the A-component and stir before loading. Recirculate both components while heating up to the required application temperatures.



Polyurea Rayston Fast must be applied using a 2-component hot spraying equipment.

Recommended temperatures are:

- Component A: 60-65°C
- Component B: 65-70°C

Pressure must be adjusted to 140 bar.

During spraying, check coating thickness to ensure curing evolution is correct.

Polyurea Rayston Fast is applied at 1,5-2,0  $\mbox{kg/m}^2,$  obtaining a 1,5-2 mm thickness.

Wind speeds more than 25 km/h may result in excessive loss of exotherm and interfere with the mixing efficiency of the spray gun affecting polyurea surface texture, cure, and physical properties and will cause overspray issues.

Please contact Krypton Chemical for specific application details.

#### RECOATING

It is recommended to obtain the right thickness with a single application. Where an epoxy primer has been previously applied, spray Polyurea Rayston Fast only after the primer is fully cured.

#### **RETURN TO SERVICE**

Under most conditions (25°C, 50% rh), the membrane is rain-resistant after 10 minutes.

#### TOOL CLEANING

To keep equipment in good conditions (spraying gun, gaskets), it is recommended not to use solvents. A cleaning fluid like Rayston Fluid can be used instead. Component B must be thoroughly removed and replaced with this fluid.

#### **CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE**

A maintenance work must be carried out regularly on the treated roofs according to the intended use.

This work includes the following tasks:

- Leaf removal
- Grass, dirt, moss, and other vegetation removal
- Keeping storm water system in good working order.
- Ensure gratings are in place, to prevent gutter obstructions.
- Check proper condition of several structures (flashing, seams, retaining walls...)
- Verification of possible damages due to improper use.

If aesthetic appearance of the roof is an important issue, it is essential to regularly clean the surface with water (some mild detergent may be added), according to the use.

It may be necessary to reapply decorative layers (Impertrans, Colodur) if they are worn out due to traffic, weather, corrosion, etc.

For stain removal, a surface treatment with Rayston solvent or isopropyl alcohol may be attempted. Strong acids are totally inadequate. Some solvents may damage the membrane. If this happens, the affected area must be cut and repaired with a new Polyurea Rayston application.



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Problem	Question	Answer	Solution
Does not cure or remains sticky	Ratio A/B correct?	Different pressure	Check and correct pumping equipment
Bubbles or open holes in the membrane	Porous	No primer	Apply an Epoxy- type primer before Polyurea
	substrate?		Open holes are frequent with fast- curing polyurea
Not enough hiding power	Horizontal?	Too few No pigment	Use 1 kg/m <sup>2</sup> minimum. Mix and homogeneize pigment in component A before spraying
Gray colour darkens upon exposure to sun	Exposed?	Components react with UV light.	Apply an aliphatic topcoat afterwards (eg: Impertrans, Colodur)

## SAFETY

Component B of Polyurea Rayston Fast contains isocyanates and Component A contains corrosive polyamines that can cause burns. Always follow the safety instructions in the Material Safety Data Sheet. As a rule, a good ventilation, protective clothing, and respiratory protection is needed (combined organic vapor filters + particles A2P). This product must be used only for the applications here described. This product is intended for industrial and professional use. It is not suitable for DIY-type applications.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Empty containers must be handled with the same precautions as if they were full. Treat empty containers as hazardous waste and transfer them to an authorized waste manager. If the containers still have some material left, do not mix with other product with no knowledge of potentially dangerous reactions. Component A and B may be mixed on a 1/1 ratio to get an inert material, but never do it in volumes larger than 5 litres to prevent a dangerous heat evolution.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The information contained in this DATA SHEET, as well as our advice, both written as verbal or provided through testing, are based on our experience, and they do not constitute any product guarantee for the installer, who must consider them as simple information.

We recommend to study deeply all information provided before proceeding to the use or application of any of our products, and strongly advise to conduct tests "on-site" to determine their convenience for a specific project.

Our recommendations do not exempt of the obligation of installers to deeply study the right application method for these systems before use, as well as to conduct as many preliminary tests as possible should any doubt arise. The application, use and processing of our products are beyond our control, and therefore under the exclusive responsibility of the installer. In consequence, the installer will be the only responsible of any damage derived from the partial or total in-observation of our indications, and in general, of the inappropriate use or application of these materials.

This data sheet supersedes previous versions.



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